





ASEAN DEEP LEARNING POLICY SERIES:
EMPOWER STUDENTS WITH 21ST CENTURY DEEP LEARNING SKILLS

HÀ NỘI, NGÀY 22 THÁNG 8 NĂM 2014



Science:

Seamless Learning
Programme

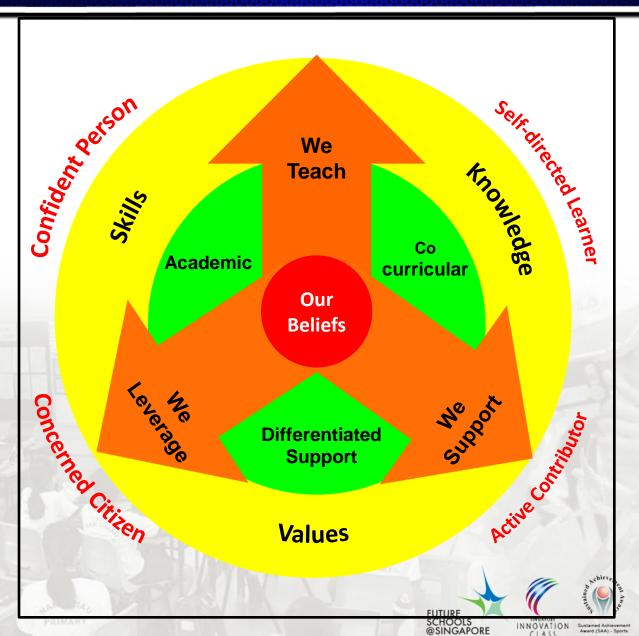


Founded 1947

Nan Chiau Primary School

Our Curriculum Framework









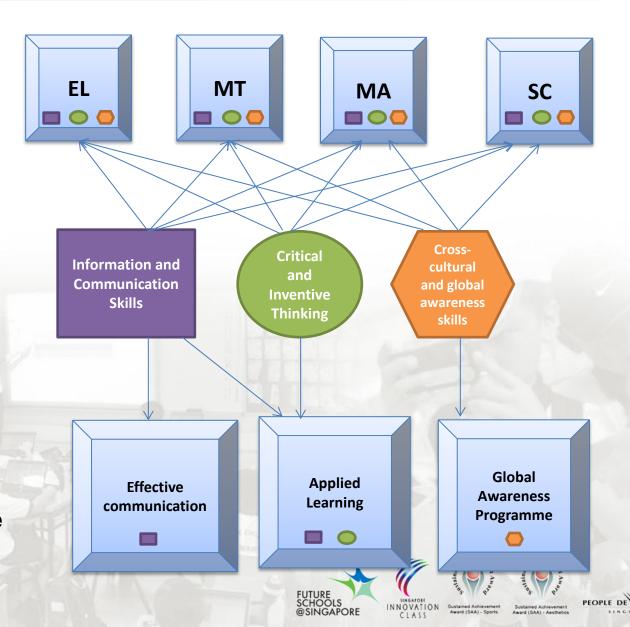
Our Curriculum Design



Centralised
Syllabus/Curriculum

21st CC skills

School-based Curriculum/Programme



Seamless Learning Programme



- The programme leverages on 1:1 computing and a "mobilised" curriculum to innovate and value-add to the core domains, i.e. (1) pedagogy and content, and (2) assessment, of the curriculum.
- Value-adds to the depth and breadth of the content covered in the science curriculum by:
 - extending curriculum time learning for anywhere, anytime (pedagogy)
 - matching content with pupils' cognitive needs (content)











Inquiry-based Seamless Learning of Science

- Based on the inquiry-based approach
- Uses the Science syllabus 5E Instructional Model
- Re-designed the curriculum to factor in student inquiry learning across formal and informal settings mediated by 1:1 technologies
- Enables students to learn seamlessly, fosters selfdirected learning, and develops deep learning



















P3 & P4 Classes





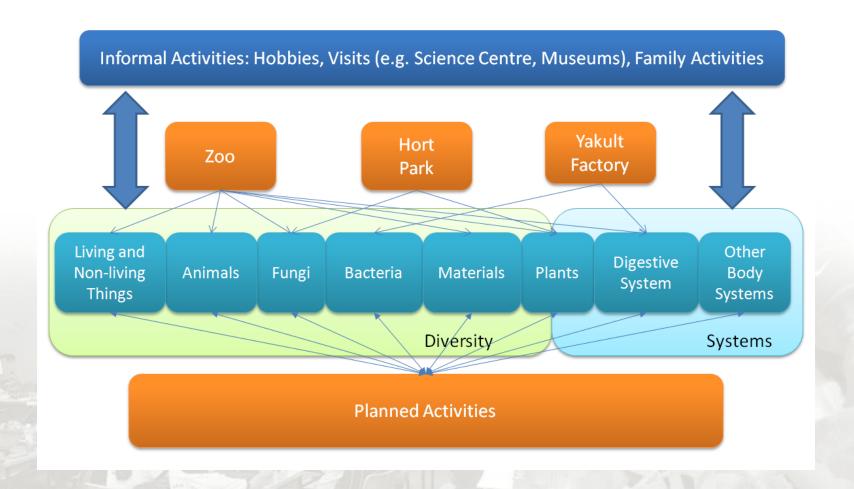






The P3 Science Mobilised Curriculum









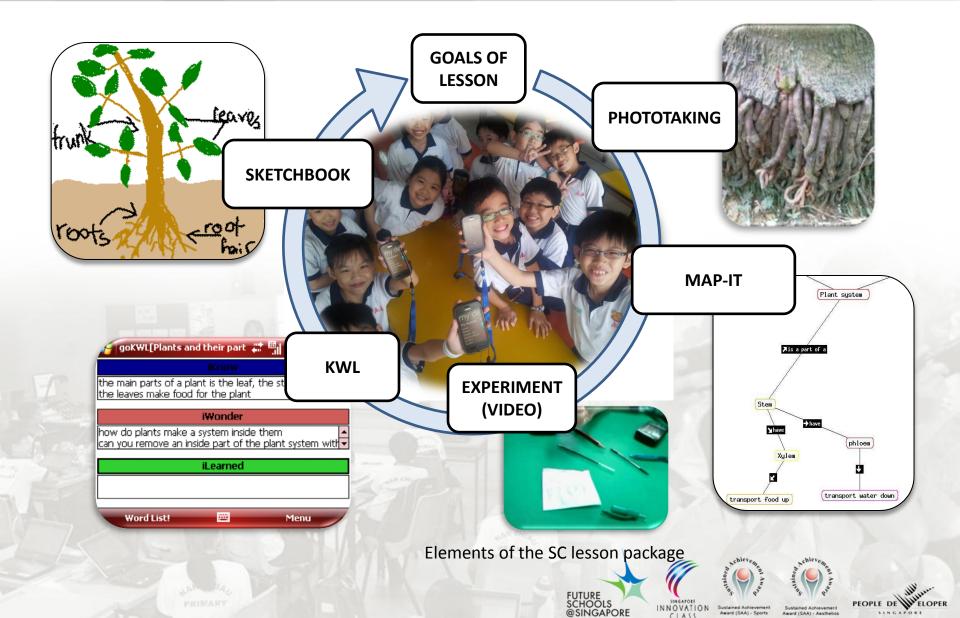






Multi Content Creation









"WE Learn"



Customized curriculum

Features of
Windows Phone
/ Tablets















Mapit



SketchBook



KNL



Recorder



Blurb



NotePad

Applications in MyDesk













Students' Artefacts



Students' artefacts - Sketchbook





Making real-world connections

Students took photos of sources of heat that they find in their daily lives and relate how they are being used.

Uses of Heat













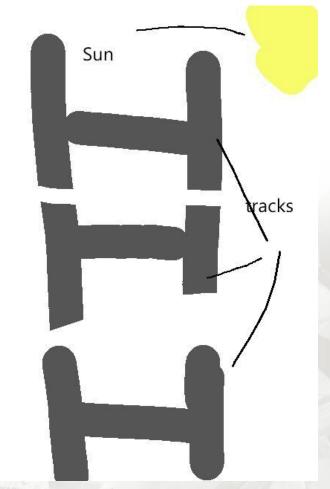
Students' artefacts - Sketchbook



Making real-world connections

•Students observed effects of heat in their daily lives and describe how heat causes expansion and contraction, which in turn affect their lives.

Effects of Heat









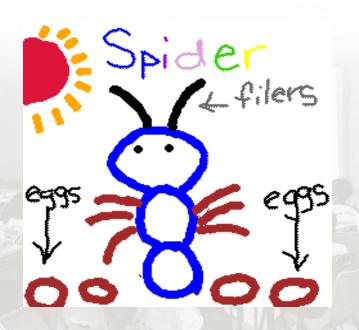




Students' artefacts - Sketchbook



Surface the misconceptions and prior knowledge students may have



Characteristics of Insects

Insects have a hard outer covering

Insects have 6 legs and antenna

Insects' bodies are divided into 3 parts - head, thorax and abdomen

Insects lay eggs











Students' artefacts - KWL



To assess and monitor students' progress in the mastering of the topic through time

KWL: KWL for Body System

I Know

I know that our heart pump blood to the other parts of the body.

I know that the body system is skeletal system, circulatory system, muscular system, digestive system and respiratory system.

i know that the digestive system is to break down food into a form that can be absorbed in the blood.

I know that the circulatory system is to transport food, oxygen, water and waste materials in the blood around the body.

I know that the body respiratory system is to exchange gases with the air we breath.

I know that the skeletal system is to work together with the muscular system to enable the body to move.

I know that the muscular system is to work together with the skeletal system to enable the body to move.

I know that when we eat things the first body part that it passes through is the gullet.

I know that blood vessels are to send blood all around the body.

I know that every part of the body is made up of trillions and trillions of cells.

I know that there are veins on our body.

I Wonder

I wonder how many bones are there in our body altogether.

What are nerves?

I wonder how does our fingernails grow?

Why whenever we cut our fingernails, it will mot be pain.

I Learned

There are 206 bones altogether in our body.

Fingernails and the toenails grow from a point near the roots below the skin, at the base of the nail where the nail is.







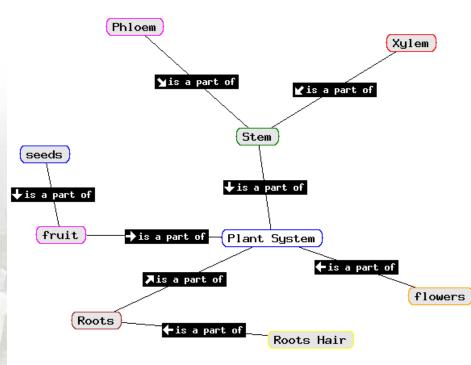




Students' artefacts - MapIt



Students relate what they have learnt for plant system with other topics learnt earlier e.g. Living and Non-living Things



Phloem

Phloem sends the food that the leaves make to the rest of the plant parts.

 \rightarrow is a part of \rightarrow Stem

Plant System

Roots

It holds the plant firmly to the ground.

 \rightarrow is a part of \rightarrow Plant System

Roots Hair

It absorbs nutrients and food then it transport to the roots.

 \rightarrow is a part of \rightarrow Roots

Stem

The stem sends the food that the roots absorbs to the branches and leaves.

 \rightarrow is a part of \rightarrow Plant System

Xylem

Xylem transport nutrients from the roots to the other plants part.

 \rightarrow is a part of \rightarrow Stem

flowers

Flowers grow into fruits.

 \rightarrow is a part of \rightarrow Plant System

fruit

The fruit protect the seeds.

 \rightarrow is a part of \rightarrow Plant System

seeds

The seeds help the plant to reproduce.

 \rightarrow is a part of \rightarrow fruit



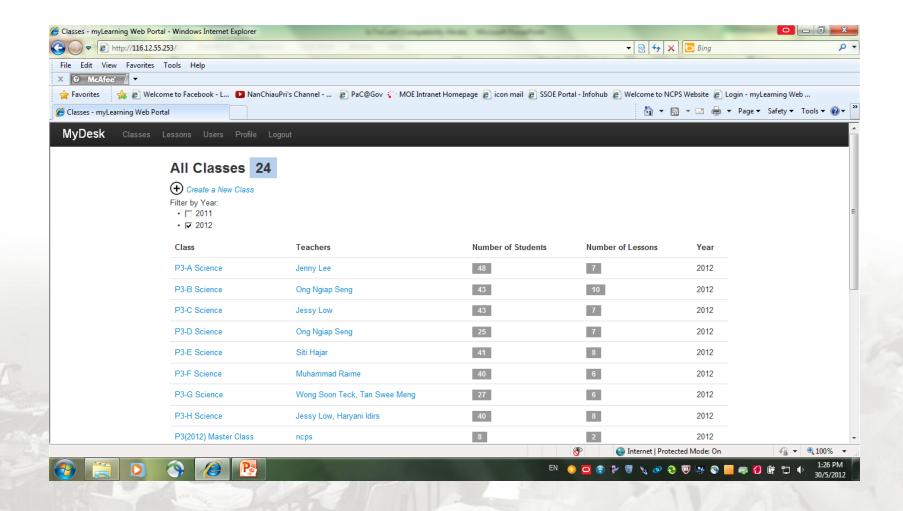






myLearning Web Portal

















Nan Chiau Primary School

Zoo Trip - 1(e) Shell

Aidan

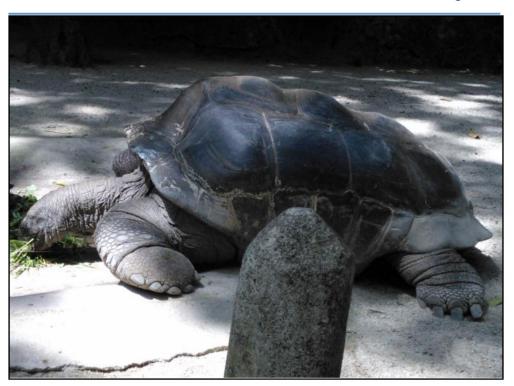
Feedback:

• Grade: A

A well-taken photo! Which group of animal do you think the tortoise belongs to?



Classes Lessons Users Logout



slow moving

Providing Grade & Feedback



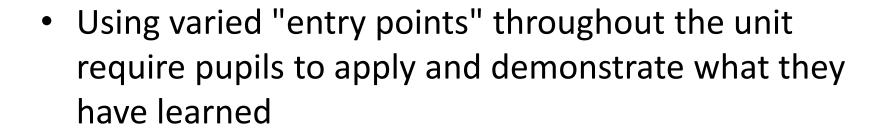








[Formative] Assessment for Understanding



 Teachers will be able to provide feedback throughout a unit or course of instruction, not just at the end

 Focus on learning and understanding, not just on judging and grading











Affordances of Technology



- Providing students with 1:1 ownership, 24/7 accesses to mobile devices create the potential for learning to take place anywhere, anytime
- The "mobilized" curriculum scaffolds activities for formal learning to facilitate effective inquiry-based learning
- Scaffolds and develop students' inquiry knowledge and skills so that they could take their own initiatives later for informal learning











Our Observations



- Motivated students
- Less dependent on the teacher as a source of knowledge
- Ask better question and are able to relate everyday activities to classroom learning
- Students create their own meaning of subject matter
- Resources sharing between peers
- Capable in carrying research and create knowledge individually
- More engaged and participate actively in class discussions and activities













Thank you









